# THE NOURISHING 4

BUILDING A NUTRITIONALLY BALANCED MEAL

# WHAT IS THE NOURISHING 4?

The Nourishing 4 is comprised of four food groups – Starch/Carb, Protein, Fat, and Fiber (Fruit/Veg). You can use the Nourishing 4 as a template for creating a healthy meal by aiming to include at least three of these food groups for meals, and two for snacks.

### PROTEIN

Protein provides a steady stream of energy and can help you stay focused. Look to add more animal and/or plant-based proteins to your meals and snacks.

Animal sources		<u>Plant sources</u>		
chicken	lamb	beans	soy milk	
turkey	eggs	lentils	edamame	
canned tuna	milk	tofu		
fish	yogurt	tempeh		
shellfish	cheese	nuts and	seeds	
	· ·		seeds	

# FIBER (FRUIT/VEG)

Fruits & veggies are great sources of fiber. Aim to incorporate different colors when possible, such as selecting two different vegetable options to have each week. Fresh, frozen, canned, and dried fruits and vegetable are all healthy choices.

#### Fruit

apples bananas peaches berries guava

<u>Veggies</u> carrots cauliflower zucchini broccoli eggplant peas corn

kiwi lychee mango oranges persimmon

bell peppers

diakon radish

mushrooms

celery

уцсса

nopales

okra

apricot jackfruit grapefruit figs watermelon

> squash jicama spinach bok choy collard greens sweet potato Brussels sprouts

pears papaya plantain



# STARCH/CARB

Starches and carbs provide an essential source of energy to fuel your daily activities. It is a great idea to include more whole grains, which provide fiber to help you feel full for longer.



Rice	Pasta	Naan	Bread	Cereal
Tortillas	Noodles	Grits	Crackers	Potatoes

<u>Whole grain sources</u> brown or wild rice whole grain bread whole grain pasta corn or whole grain tortilla steel cut or rolled oats

bulgur	farro
popcorn	millet
quinoa	roti
barley	pita
soba noodles	injera

## FAT

Adding fats to meals increases feelings of fullness and satisfaction. Healthy fats (UNsaturated fats) are found mostly in plants and seafood, though dairy products are also good fat sources.

> oils (olive, vegetable, canola) fatty fish (salmon, tuna) avocados olives chia seeds flax seeds

nuts nut/seed butter eggs yogurt cheese

SHS NUTRITION CLINIC | LAST UPDATED 202